

Auditor's Report

Reanda Shang Hai NO(2021)2137

To the Board of Directors of Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd:

I Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd ("the Company") for the year 2020, which comprise the balance sheet and the statement of changes in equity as at 31 December, 2020, and the income statement and cash flow statement for the year 2020, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (CAS (2006)), and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December, 2020 and its operation performance and its cash flows for the year 2020.

II Basis for Opinion

"We conducted our audits in accordance with the Audit Standards for Chinese Registered Accountants. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the China Code of Ethics for Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the said Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion."

III Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a fair view in accordance with CAS, and for designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

"In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so."

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

IV Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with CAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (1) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- "(2) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances."
- "(3) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management."

- (4) Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required by CAS to draw users' attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (5) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (6) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any noteworthy deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The following is the signature page

Reanda Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership) Shanghai-Branch

Chinese Certified Public Accountant

Shanghai, China

多落张



Chinese Certified Public Accountant

not

吕会中 小计算 燕师册

April 6, 2021

BALANCE SHEET

As of 31st Dec 2020

Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd

UNIT: RMB

ITEM	NOTES	YEAR 2020	YEAR 2019
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash .	5. 1	7,884,789.53	4,566,171.79
Financial assets measured at fair value and whose changes are included in the current profit and loss			
Derivative financial assets			
Notes receivable			
Accounts receivable	5. 2	8,339,056.88	1,533,359.68
Advance to suppliers	5. 3	71,693.64	48,000.00
Other receivables	5. 4	1,087,593.74	385,971.55
Inventories			
Assets held for sale			
Non-current assets due within one year			
Other current assets			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		17,383,133.79	6,533,503.02
Non-current assets :			
Available for sale financial assets			
Investments held to maturity			
Long-term accounts receivable			
Long-term equity investment			
Investment real estate			
Fixed assets	5. 5	100,431.44	29,256.99
Project under construction			
Bearer biological assets			
Oil and natural gas assets			
Intangible assets	5. 6	77,555.88	88,719.60
Development expenditure			
Goodwill			
Long-term prepaid expenses	5. 7	1,434,139.12	
Deferred tax assets			
Other non-current assets			
Total non-current assets		1,612,126.44	117,976.59
TOTAL ASSETS		18,995,260.23	6,651,479.61

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

As of 31st Dec 2020

Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd

UNIT:RMB

ITEM	NOTES	YEAR 2020	YEAR 2019
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Short-term loan			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative financial liabilities			-
Notes payables			
Accounts payables			
Deposit received	5. 8		45,265.32
Accured payroll	5. 9	2,001,201.58	1,407,921.50
Tax payable	5. 10	281,931.25	172,496.31
Other payable	5. 11	1,383,731.37	283,314.38
Liabilities held for sale			
Non-current liabilities due within one year			W - 2
Other current liabilities			
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,666,864.20	1,908,997.51
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term loan			
Debentures payable			
Include:Preferred stock			
Perpetual debt			
Long-term payable			
Estimated liabilities			
Deferred income	5. 12	903,500.00	
Deferred income tax			
Other non-current liabilities			
Total non-current liabilities		903,500.00	
Total liabilities		4,570,364.20	1,908,997.51
OWNERS' EQUITY:			
Paid-in capital	5. 13	15,616,096.50	7,865,500.00
Other equity instruments			
Include:Preferred stock			
Perpetual debt			
Capital reserve			
Less:Treasury stock			
Other comprehensive income			
Special reserves		١	
Suplus reserve			
Undisstributed profits	5. 14	-1,191,200.47	-3,123,017.90
TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY		14,424,896.03	4,742,482.10
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		18,995,260.23	6,651,479.61

INCOME STATEMENT

As of 31st Dec 2020

Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd

UNIT:RMB

ITEM	NOTES	YEAR 2020	YEAR 2019
I.OVERALL SALES	5. 15	19,198,724.34	11,498,075.35
Less: Operating Costs			
Tax and associate charge	5. 16	90,858.64	73,767.41
Selling and Distribution Expenses			
General and Administrative Expenses	5. 17	16,791,081.25	13,252,227.75
Research and Development Expenses			
Financial Expenses	5, 18	141,489.22	269,814.82
Includes:Interest Expense			
Interest Income	5. 18	5,259.93	4,229.39
Add:Other operating revenue			
Investment income (Loss expressed with "-")			
Include: Investment income on associates			
and joint ventures Income from changes in fair value (Loss expressed with "-")			
Asset impairment loss (Loss expressed with			
Income from asset disposal (Loss expressed with "-")			
II.PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS (LOSS EXPRESSED WITH "-")		2,175,295.23	-2,097,734.63
Add:Non-operating income	5.19	44,222.19	2,537.00
Less:Non-operating expenses			
III.PROFIT BEFORE TAX(LOSS EXPRESSED WITH "-")		2,219,517.42	-2,095,197.63
Less: Income tax expenses	5.20	27,687.66	
IV.NET PROFIT (LOSS EXPRESSED WITH "-")		2,191,829.76	-2,095,197.63
(1)Going-concern net income (Net loss expressed with "-")		2,191,829.76	-2,095,197.63
(2) Discontinued opareting net income (NetLosses are listed with "-")			
V.Net income after tax of other comprehensive			
income (1)Other comprehensive income that cannot be			
reclassified into profit or loss 1. Remeasurement of changes in defined benefit			
plans 2. Other comprehensive income that cannot be			
reclassified into profit or loss under the equity			
(2)Other comprehensive income reclassified into profit or loss			
Other comprehensive income that can be			
transferred to profit or loss under the equity method 2. Gains and losses on changes in fair value of			
available-for-sale financial assets			
Held-to-maturity investments are reclassified as			
available-for-sale financial assets 4. Effective portion of cash flow hedging gains and			
losses			
5. Translation differences in foreign currency			
financial statements 6. other			
<u>"</u>		2 404 920 70	2 005 407 00
VI. TOTAL CONSOLIDATED INCOME		2,191,829.76	-2,095,197.63

Cash Flow Statement

As of 31st Dec 2020

Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd

UNIT:RMB

ITEM	NOTES	YEAR 2020	YEAR 2019
I.CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	1		
Cash Received from Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services	2	13,501,351.11	12,059,570.89
Refund of Taxes	3		
Other Cash Received Relating to Operating Activities	4	2,053,602.40	179.65
Sub-total of Cash Inflows	5	15,554,953.51	12,059,750.54
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	6	480,936.17	292,296.47
Cash Paid to and for Employees	7	11,019,900.63	9,393,950.27
Cash Paid for All Types of Taxes	8	705,458.12	590,994.11
Other Cash Paid Relating to Operating Activities	9	5,758,240.89	3,154,338.73
Sub-total of Cash Outflows	10	17,964,535.81	13,431,579.58
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	11	-2,409,582.30	-1,371,829.04
II.CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash Received from Disposal of Investments	13		
Cash Received from Returns of Investments	14		·· -
Net Cash Received from Ddisposal of Fixed			
Assets Intangible Assets and Other Long-term Assets	15		
Net Cash Received from Subsidiary Company and Other Business Units	16		
Other Cash Received Relating to Investing Activities	17		
Sub-total of Cash Inflows	18		
Cash Paid for Acquisition of Fixed Assets, Intangible	19	1,896,867.98	105,231.84
Assets and Others		1,090,007.90	100,201.04
Cash Paid for Acquisition of Investments	20		
Other Cash Paid for Acquisition of Subsidiaries and Other	21		
Business Units			-
Other Cash Paid Relating to Investing Activities	22		
Sub-total of Cash Outflows	23	1,896,867.98	105,231.84
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	24	-1,896,867.98	-105,231.84
III.CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	25		
Cash Received from Investors	26	7,750,596.50	
Cash Received from Borrowings	27		
Other Cash Received Relating to Financing Activities	29		
Sub-total of Cash Inflows	30	7,750,596.50	
Cash Paid for Repayments of Borrowings	31		
Cash Paid for Dividends, Profits Distribution or Interest	32		
Other Cash Paid Relating to Financing Activities	33		
Sub-total of Cash Outflows	34		
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	35	7,750,596.50	
IV.Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuation Consequences	36	-125,528.48	-258,274.12
on Cash and Cash Equivalents		120,020.10	200,27 1.72
V.Net Increase (Decrese) in Cash and Cash	37	3,318,617.74	-1,735,335.00
Equivalents			
Add:Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	38	4,566,171.79	6,301,506.79
VI.Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	39	7,884,789.53	4,566,171.79

Statement of Changes in Equity
As of 31st Dec 2020

UNIT: RWB

Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co, Ltd

Paid-in Capital ear 7,865,500.00 icies Errors 7,865,500.00 7,865,500.00 ne 7,750,596.50	Other e	Other equity instruments	nts Other	Capital	Less: Treasury	Other	Special	Surplus	Undistributed	TOTAL EQUITY
Paid-in Capital alance for Prior Year 7,865,500.00 s in Accounting Policies ans of Prior Period Errors Balance for the 7,865,500.00 or Decrease for the 7,750,596.50 onsolidated Income	Stock	Perpetual	Other	Reserve	Treasury			- Carid-inc		TOTAL EQUITY
alance for Prior Year s in Accounting Policies ans of Prior Period Errors Balance for the or Decrease for the onsolidated Income		,			Stock	Consolidated Income	reserve	Reserve	profits	
in Accounting Policies ons of Prior Period Errors Balance for the or Decrease for the consolidated Income									-3,123,017.90	4,742,482.10
ans of Prior Period Errors Balance for the or Decrease for the onsolidated Income										
Balance for the or Decrease for the onsolidated Income										
Balance for the or Decrease for the onsolidated Income									-260,012.33	-260,012.33
or Decrease for the onsolidated Income									-3,383,030.23	4,482,469.77
(1) Total Consolidated Income	-								2,191,829.76	9,942,426.26
									2,191,829,76	2,191,829.76
(2) Owners investment and 7,750,596.50 reduce capital								ï		7,750,596.50
1. Common stock invested by owner 7,750,596.50										7,750,596.50
2. Holders of other equity instruments invest capital										
3.Amount of share-based payments included in owner's equity										
4.Others										
(3)Profit Distribution										
1. Appropriations to Surplus Reserve										
2.Distribution to Owners/Shareholders										
3.Other										
(4) Internal Carrying Forward of Owners' Equity										
1. Capitalized Capital Reserve										
2. Capitalized Surplus Reserve										
Surplus Reserve for Making up Losses										
A. Changes in the defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earnings										
5.Others										
IV. Closing Balance for the Current 15,616,096.50									-1,191,200.47	14,424,896.03

6

Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued) As of 31st Dec 2019

TITITITI

4,742,482.10 6,837,679.73 6,837,679.73 2,095,197.63 -2,095,197.63 TOTAL EQUITY Undistributed profits -3,123,017.90 -2,095,197.63 -2,095,197.63 -1,027,820.27 -1,027,820.27 Surplus Reserve Special reserve Consolidated Income Other YEAR 2019 Less: Treasury Stock Capital Reserve Other Other equity instruments Company Name: Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co., Ltd Perpetual debt Preferred stock 7,865,500.00 7,865,500.00 7,865,500.00 Paid-in Capital IV. Closing Balance for the Current 1. Appropriations to Surplus Reserve 4.Changes in the defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earnings 2.Holders of other equity instruments invest capital Corrections of Prior Period Errors Add:Changes in Accounting Policies 1.Common stock invested by owner 3.Amount of share-based payments included in owner's equity I. Closing Balance for Prior Year 3. Surplus Reserve for Making up (1) Total Consolidated Income III. Increase or Decrease for the (Decrease expressed with "-") (4)Internal Carrying Forward of 2. Capitalized Surplus Reserve (2) Owners investment and 1. Capitalized Capital Reserve II. Openning Balance for the (3)Profit Distribution ITEM 2. Distribution to Owners/Shareholders Owners' Equity reduce capital Current Year **Current Year** 4.Others 5.Others 3.Other Other

Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd Notes to Financial Statements for year 2020

As of December 31, 2020

(All amounts expressed in RMB unless otherwise stated)

1. Background of the Company

Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd ("The Company") is a limited liability company funded and established by SMR automotive mirrors Stuttgart GmbH. on August 13, 2018, it obtained the business license with the registration number of 91310000ma1fydex2m. The registered capital of the company is 2 million euros and the operation period is 30 years. The company's main business scope is enterprise management consulting. [for projects subject to approval according to law, business activities can be carried out only after approval by relevant departments]

2. Explanations of non compliance with the accounting presises

Non compliance does not exist.

3. Explanations of Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates

3.1 Accounting Standards and Accounting System

The Company adopts China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (CAS (2006)), and the relevant supplementary regulations.

3.2 Accounting Year

The accounting year of the Company is from 1 January to 31 December.

3.3 Reporting Currency

The Company's reporting currency is Renminbi, Euro exchange rate is 7.843853.

3.4 Basis and Principle of Accounting

The Company adopts the Accrual basis, Debit and Credit double entry accounting, and assets are recorded at actual cost when they are acquired.

3.5 Foreign Currency Transactions Accounting and Translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the reporting currency at the exchange rates quoted by the People's Bank of China prevailing at the transaction month. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated into the reporting currency using the exchange rates at the end of month. The exchange gains or losses are dealt with in the income statement.

3.6 Cash Equivalents Recognition Standards

- (1) Cash represents petty cash saved in the Company and deposits which can be transimitted at any time including petty cash, bank savings which can be taken at any time, and other currency savings.
- (2) Cash equivalents represent short term (usually refer to within 3 months from the expiry date), highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.7 Bad Debts Accounting

The Company adopts Allowance method for the Bad Dets accounting, and the Recognition criteria for bad debts are as follows:

The Company will check the book value of the accounts receivables at the balance sheet date, and make bad debts provisions if the following objective evidences exist which indicate the depreciation of the accounts receivables:

- A) The debtor suffers serious financial difficulties.
- B) The debtor has violated the terms of the contract such as payment of interest or principal in default or late.
- C) It is probable that the debtor will collapse or make other financial reorganization.
- D) Other objective evidences which indicate the depreciation of the accounts receivables.

3.8 Fixed Assets Valuation and Depreciation Accounting

(1) Fixed assets Recognition Standards

Fixed assets include buildings, constructions, machineries, motor vechiles, electronic equipments, office equipments etc.

(2) Fixed Assets Valuation and Depreciation

The initial measurement of fixed assets upon acquisition is made at their actual cost. The fixed assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives based on the original cost less estimated net residual value and estimated useful lives.

Without considering impairment loss, the annual depreciation rate and depreciation life for each category of fixed assets with different useful life and estimated net residual value are as follows:

Category	Estimated net residual value rate	Estimated useful life	Annual depreciation rate
Official and electronic equipment	0.00%	4	25%

3.9 Revenue Recognition

(1) Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards in

relation to ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer, the Company retains neither continuing management nor effective control over the goods sold; and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and the relevant amounts of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

- (2) At the balance sheet date, if the results for rendering services can be measured reliably, the related Revenue shall be recognized with reference to the stage of completion. The results for rendering services can be measured reliably means all of the following conditions shall be satisfied:
 - A) The revenue amount can be measured reliably.
 - B) It is probable that economic benefits will flow to the service provider.
 - C) The stage of completion of the transaction can be measured reliably.
 - D) The costs of the transaction (including future costs) can be measured reliably.
- (3) Revenue from transfer of the use right of asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the relevant amounts of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

3.10 Income Taxes Accounting Treatment

The Company adopts the balance sheet liability method for income taxes.

4. Taxation

Categories of Tax	Tax Rate	Calculation Base
Value Added Tax	6%	The Taxable Value Added
Corporate Income Tax	25%	The Taxable Corporate Income
Individual Income Tax		The Taxable Individual Income
City Maintenance and Construction Tax	7%	The Turnover Taxes Payable
Educational Surcharges	3%	The Turnover Taxes Payable
Local Educational Surcharges	2%	The Turnover Taxes Payable

5. Notes to Items in Financial Statements

5.1 Cash at Bank and on Hand

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Cash in bank	6,981,086.24	4,566,171.79
Total	6,981,086.24	4,566,171.79
Including: Total amount deposited overseas		

5.2 Accounts Receivable

①Aging Analysis

	(Closing balan	ce	Opening Balance		
Age	Book ba	lance	Provisions for	Book ba	alance	Provisions for
	Amount	Proportion (%)	Impairment	Amount	Proportion (%)	Impairment
Within 1 year	8,339,056.88	100.00		1,533,359.68	100.00	
Total	8,339,056.88	100.00		1,533,359.68	100.00	

②Top five accounts receivable of ending balance collected by debtors

Account Name	Closing Balance	Age	Proportion(%)	Provisions for Impairment
PKC Group APAC Limited	5,820,879.62	Within 1 year	69.80	
SMP Deutschland GmbH	1,250,931.38	Within 1 year	15.00	
SMP Tooling	347,092.27	Within 1 year	4.16	
SMGF Dubai	260,164.92	Within 1 year	3.12	
Siminrui Auto Parts (Langfang) Co., Ltd	192,576.32	Within 1 year	2.31	
小计	7,871,644.51		94.39	

5.3 Advance Payment

①Aging Analysis

Ago	Closin		Openi	Opening Balance	
Age	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	
Within 1 year	71,693.64	100.00	48,000.00	100.00	
Total	71,693.64	100.00	48,000.00	100.00	

\

5.4 Other Accounts Receivable

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Interest Receivable		
Dividend Receivable		
Other Accounts Receivable	1,087,593.74	385,971.55
Total ·	1,087,593.74	385,971.55

①Age Analysis

Age	Closing balance		Opening Balance			
	Book balance		Provisions for _	Book balance		Provisions for
	Amount	Proportion (%)	Impairment	Amount	Proportion (%)	Impairment
Within 1 year	1,085,593.74	99.82		385,971.55	100.00	·
1-2year	2,000.00	0.18				
Total	1,087,593.74	100.00		385,971.55	100.00	

5.5 Fixed Assets

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	
Fixed Assets	100,431.44	29,256.99	

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Total	100,431.44	29,256.99
①Fixed Assets		
Items	Official and electronic equipment	Total
Book value		
1、Opening balance	35,524.94	35,524.94
2. Increase amount of this year	90,915.04	90,915.04
(1) Purchase	90,915.04	90,915.04
3. Reduced amount for the year		
4. Closing balance	126,439.98	126,439.98
Accumulated depreciation		
1、Opening balance	6,267.95	6,267.95
2. Increase amount of this year	19,740.59	19,740.59
(1) Provision	19,740.59	19,740.59
3、Reduced amount for the year		
4. Closing balance	26,008.54	26,008.54
Depreciation Reserves		
1、Opening balance		
2. Increase amount of this year		MANUFACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF
3、Reduced amount for the year		
4、Closing Balance		
Book value	/	
1. Closing book value	100,431.44	100,431.44
2. Opening book value	29,256.99	29,256.99

②Fixed assets disposal: none。

5.6 Intangible Assets

①Intangible Assets

Items	Opening Balance	Increase this year	Reduction this year	Closing Balance
1、Total original book value	97,568.97			97,568.97
Software	97,568.97			97,568.97
2、Total accumulated amortization	8,849.37	11,163.72		20,013.09
Software	8,849.37	11,163.72		20,013.09
3 . Total accumulated amount of				

ltems	Opening Balance	Increase this year	Reduction this year	Closing Balance
impairment provision				***************************************
Software			**************************************	
4、 Total book value	88,719.60		11,163.72	77,555.88
Software	88,719.60		11,163.72	77,555.88

5.7 Long-term prepaid expenses

Items	Opening Balance	Increase this year	Amortize this year	Reduction this year	Closing Balance
Renovation fe		1,805,952.94	371,813.82		1,434,139.12
Total		1,805,952.94	371,813.82		1,434,139.12

5.8 Advance Payment

①Aging Analysis

Age	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Within 1 year		45,265.32
Total		45,265.32

5.9Staff Wages & Benefits Payable

Items	Opening Balance	Increase this year	Reduction this year	Closing Balance
Payroll Expense – Salaries & Payroll – Bonus	1,407,921.50	10,669,697.31	10,076,417.23	2,001,201.58
Total	1,407,921.50	10,669,697.31	10,076,417.23	2,001,201.58

5.10 Taxes Payable

ltems .	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	
VAT Tax	57,463.13	48,080.07	
Individual Income Tax	189,884.88	118,646.96	
Additional tax	6,895.58	5,769.28	
Corporate income tax	27,687.66		
Total	281,931.25	172,496.31	

5.11 Other Accounts Payables

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	
Interest Payable			
Dividends Payable			
Other Accounts payables	1,383,731.37	283,314.38	
Total	1,383,731.37	283,314.38	

① Listed by nature of payment

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Corporate and personal accounts payable	1,383,731.37	283,314.38
Total	1,383,731.37	283,314.38

5.12 Deferred income

Items	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Decoration subsidy	903,500.00	
Total	903,500.00	

5.13 Paid-in Capital

Items	Opening Balance	Increase this year	Reduction this year	Closing Balance
SMR Automotive Mirrors Ttuttgart GmbH	7,865,500.00	7,750,596.50		15,616,096.50
Total	7,865,500.00	7,750,596.50		15,616,096.50

5.14 Undistributed Profits

Items	This year	Prior year
Undistributed profit at the end of the previous year before adjustment	-3,123,017.90	-1,027,820.27
Adjusting the total amount of undistributed profits at the beginning of the year (add +, less-)	-260,012.33	
Adjusted undistributed profit at the beginning of the year	-3,383,030.23	-1,027,820.27
Add: Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company for the year	2,191,829.76	-2,095,197.63
Less: Statutory surplus reserve		
Distribution of common stock dividends		
Undistributed profit at the end of the year	-1,191,200.47	-3,123,017.90

5.15 Operating Income and Costs

_ .		current year Amount of previo		ous year
Items -	Income	Cost	Income	Cost
Main Operating	19,198,724.34		11,498,075.35	
Total	19,198,724.34		11,498,075.35	

5.16 Taxes and surcharges

ltems	Amount of current year	Amount of previous year
City Maintenance and Construction Tax	90,858.64	71,801.03
stamp duty		1,966.38
Total	90,858.64	73,767.41

5.17 Administration Expense

	Amount of current year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Items		Amount of previous year
Meals	19,336.88	25,522.08
Service Charge	1,138,454.36	128,740.12
Travel Expenses - Domestic	292,453.76	408,162.06
Mobile phone	42,579.12	48,166.96
Telephone	62,285.89	7,040.80
Rental cost	2,397,615.88	1,132,040.67
Payroll - Bonus	2,208,429.11	1,470,071.16
Business entertainment	1,048.00	90,027.98
Office supplies	75,332.37	33,578.42
Advertising fee	498.00	24,216.79
Depreciation cost	402,718.13	14,648.36
Electricity	22,214.35	8,756.87
Payroll Expense - Salaries	8,656,995.04	8,159,769.01
Insurance	65,774.63	52,907.49
Car rental, fuel, etc	287,880.00	327,621.00
Legal and professional fees	HARRING CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF TH	242,324.09
Audit Fees	15,941.51	3,773.58
Employee benefits	17,429.98	8,786.00
Training cost	23,867.73	10,927.80
Recruitment fee	503,931.02	486,489.57
Post charges	4,603.57	8,369.60
IT cost	83,212.14	67,075.29
Travel Expenses - International	22,033.26	493,212.05
Employee social insurance	446,446.52	
Total	16,791,081.25	13,252,227.75

5.18 Finance Charges

ltems	Amount of current year	Amount of previous year
Interest Expense		MM000000000000000000000000000000000000
Less: Interest Income	5,463.22	4,229.39
Net Interest Expense	-5,463.22	-4,229.39
Net Exchange Loss	125,528.48	258,274.12
Bank Charges	21,423.96	15,770.09
Total	141,489.22	269,814.82

5.19 Non-operation income

Items	Amount of current year	Amount of previous year
Stable subsidy	44,222.19	2,537.00
Total	44,222.19	2,537.00

5.20 Income tax expense

Items	Amount of current year	Amount of previous year
Current income tax expense	27,687.66	
Total	27,687.66	

6.Important Events

(1) Contingencies

No significant contingencies during the report period need to be disclosed.

(2)Commitments

No significant commitments during the report period need to be disclosed.

(3) Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

As at the date of the Auditor's Report, No significant events need to be disclosed after the Balance Sheet Date.

(4)Other Important Events

No other important events during the report period need to be disclosed.

Samvardhana Motherson Corp Management Shanghai Co.,Ltd

April 6, 2021